



Establishment Risk Assessment

RA100 V2.7

Address: Roydon Road. Launceston.

Person(s)/Group at Risk: Staff, Pupils, Visitors and Contractors

This risk assessment explains the actions school leaders should take to minimise the risk of transmission of COVID-19 in their school Stage 4 Road Map September 2021. This includes public health advice, endorsed by Public Health England (PHE).

This risk assessment is generic and outlines the <u>Baseline COVID-19</u> control measures. Also included is brief information on additional measures that may be recommended by DfE/PHE SW or DCC Public Health if settings meet the threshold for further public health actions (as defined in the <u>Contingency Framework</u> for Education and Childcare settings). Each school is responsible for reviewing and amending to ensure it is applicable to their setting and the latest government guidance and <u>must</u> consult with their staff regarding the risks and control measures being implemented.

General guidance on completing risk assessments is available at arrangements note HS47. When conducting the risk assessment. It is important that the school adopts a considered collaborative approach in line with DfE Guidance.

Date assessment completed: 01.09.2021

Reviewed November 2021

Reviewed December 13th 2021 in light of new restrictions.

This document is to remain under constant review due to the fast-changing nature of DfE / Government guidance in response to the challenges posed by Covid-19.

Assessor(s): Maura Furber

- Checked with Assistant Heads, Union Representative, Teacher Governor
- Confirmed with CEO, Chair of Govs, Safeguarding Manager.

Significant Hazard Section	Control measures in place Additional measures or actions not included in this column below should be put in the assessor's recommendations at the end of this document	Optional: School's comments re. mitigations put in place
Keep occupied spaces well ventilated		
Poorly ventilated spaces leading to risks of coronavirus spreading Ventilation to reduce transmission Health and Safety Executive guidance on air conditioning and ventilation during the coronavirus outbreak and CIBSE	 Ventilation and AC systems working optimally. Heating used as necessary to ensure comfort levels are maintained when the building is occupied. Keep windows open wide enough to provide some natural background ventilation and open internal doors to increase air flow. Open windows fully when rooms are unoccupied for longer periods to purge the air (e.g. lunch times and before and after school). 	St Stephens does what is reasonably practicable in relation to ventilation. However, they need to balance thermal comfort and the level of ventilation. During colder days, it is acceptable to have the windows closed at times, we advise opening the windows prior to school starting, before and after every lesson, during break and

COVID-19 advice provides more information. DfE is working with the Scientific Advisory Group for Emergencies (SAGE) and NHS England on a pilot project to measure CO2 levels in classrooms and exploring options to help improve ventilation in settings where needed. Maintain appropriate cleaning regimes	 Action taken to prevent occupants being exposed to draughts. For example, partially open high-level windows as oppose to low-level windows, close external doors and arrange the furniture if appropriate and possible. Use fans for good air circulation. Air conditioning systems that normally run with a recirculation mode set up to run on full outside air. Ventilation's system that removes and recirculates air to different rooms is turned off. Ventilation system remains on at all times, even when the building is unoccupied. The system set to operate at lower ventilation rates during evenings and weekends. Occupants encouraged to wear additional, suitable indoor clothing. (If they have to wear coats, scarves and other outdoor clothing the room would be considered too cold and the above steps must be considered). Ensure staff meetings and insets are in rooms with suitable and sufficient ventilation A robust risk assessment process should include the following: How is each room in the establishment being ventilated? How many people are going to be using the room – more people greater the risk What activities are being done in that room – lots of people talking, shouting, more risk CO2 monitors are only a tool to identify poorly ventilated areas – they are not to be used as a mechanism to 'measure safe thresholds' and to be used with the HSE suitability chart. Risk assessment video link https://youtu.be/hkk LZeUGXM It is advisable to use a thermometer to monitor temperatures where opening windows and doors is being used as a mechanism to aid ventilation. For more information on suitable workplace temperatures see HSE: Guidance on temperature in the workplace 	lunch times and leaving open at the end of the day for a time. This is to allow a number of air changes throughout the day while maintaining an appropriate temperature that allows the pupils to learn comfortably.
	 Reduced clutter and removing difficult to clean items to make cleaning easier. Cleaning using standard cleaning products such as detergents and bleach, paying attention to all surfaces but especially ones that are 	An appropriate cleaning schedule in place and will be maintained. Additional cleaning of touch points around communal areas of school, including toilets,

Ensure good hygiene for everyone	touched frequently, such as door handles, light switches, work surfaces, remote controls and electronic devices. Surfaces that are frequently touched and by many people in common areas to be cleaned twice a day. Avoid sharing work equipment by allocating it on a personal basis or put cleaning regimes in place to clean between each user. Identify where you can reduce people touching surfaces, for example by leaving doors open (except fire doors) or providing contactless payment. Keep surfaces clear to make it easier to clean and reduce the likelihood of contaminating objects. Provide more bins and empty them more often. Toilets and communal areas to be cleaned regularly. Sanitising spray and paper towels to be provided in classrooms for use by members of staff. If using cloths – disposable or appropriate washing and drying process. Thorough cleaning of rooms at the end of the day. This should include regular cleaning of areas and equipment with a particular focus on frequently touched surfaces. PHE has published guidance on the cleaning of non-healthcare settings	by site supervisor, ensuring these areas are cleaned at least twice a day. Teaching staff in classrooms have access to cleaning materials to clean further if necessary (e.g. if someone sneezes over a surface).
Hand & Respiratory hygiene	 Whilst DfE guidance removes the need for schools to use 'bubbles' PHE advice is if you can keep mixing to a minimum, it does reduce transmission along with: COVID-19 posters/ signage displayed. Frequent and thorough hand cleaning is regular practice. Pupils and staff to clean their hands when they arrive at school, when they return from breaks, when they change rooms and before and after eating. Sufficient handwashing facilities are available. Where there is no sink, hand sanitiser provided in classrooms. Skin friendly skin cleaning wipes used as an alternative to hand washing or sanitiser. Staff help is available for pupils who have trouble cleaning their hands independently (e.g. small children and pupils with complex needs). Use resources such as "e-bug" to teach effective hand hygiene etc. Adults and pupils are encouraged not to touch their mouth, eyes and nose. Adults and pupils encouraged to use a tissue to cough or sneeze and use bins for tissue waste ('catch it, bin it, kill it'). 	

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	Tissues to be provided.	
	Bins for tissues provided and are emptied throughout the day.	
	Respiratory hygiene	
	The 'catch it, bin it, kill it' approach continues to be very important.	
	The <u>e-Bug COVID-19 website</u> contains free resources for you, including materials	
	to encourage good hand and respiratory hygiene.	
	N.B. please note that face covering guidance has changed due to Devon	
	becoming an 'Enhanced Response Area', the following points describe the	
	situation outside of ERA status.	
	Although from Step 4, face coverings will no longer be advised for	
	pupils, staff and visitors, persons choosing to wear face coverings as a	
	precaution will not be deterred when outside the classroom.	
	Where staff are in crowded spaces, face masks may be recommended	
	(but not required).	
	(but not required).	
	There are good hygiene measures that can be used in:	
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	https://www.england.nhs.uk/south/wp-	
	content/uploads/sites/6/2021/08/spotty-book-2021.pdf	
	https://www.england.nhs.uk/south/info-professional/public-health/infection-	
	winter/schools-and-nurseries-guidance/	
	DCC Health and Safety Arrangements: - Infection Control HS26	
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Conditions for use of fluid resistant face	If a child, young person or other learner becomes unwell with symptoms of	Designated Isolation room. Well ventilated
mask and other equipment when	coronavirus while in their setting and needs direct personal care until they can	and necessary PPE available.
dealing with a symptomatic child are	return home a face mask should be worn by the supervising adult if a distance of	,
clear and understood by staff.	2 meters cannot be maintained.	
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	If contact with the child or young person is necessary, then gloves, an apron and	
	a face mask should be worn by the supervising adult. If a risk assessment	
	determines that there is a risk of splashing to the eyes, for example from	
	coughing, spitting, or vomiting, then eye protection should also be worn	
	Ensuring that fluid resistant face masks are available for all schools and that a	
	supply is maintained.	
	https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/safe-working-in-education-	
	childcare-and-childrens-social-care/safe-working-in-education-childcare-and-	
	childrens-social-care-settings-including-the-use-of-personal-protective-	
	equipment-ppe	

Staff use of PPE	Pupils whose care routinely already involves the use of PPE due to their intimate care needs will continue to receive their care in the same way. Follow guidance https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/safe-working-in-education-childcare-and-childcare-and-childcare-settings-including-the-use-of-personal-protective-equipment-ppe	
Staff related issues		
Accessing testing arrangements for all staff	Guidance on the new asymptomatic testing programmes taking place in schools are on a shared document platform hosted by DfE, including FAQ, webinars and step-by-step 'how to guides. For primary schools - Primary Schools Document Sharing Platform - Google Drive.	
Symptoms	Deliver strong messaging about signs and symptoms of Covid-19, isolation advice and testing to support prompt isolation of suspected cases	Staff alerted to CV19 protocol if pupils or staff display symptoms-posters in staff room, individual copies sent. Letter sent home to stakeholders to explain latest guidance. Guidance by Public Health England and NHS shared and discussed
Vaccination	Encourage vaccination uptake for staff	
Dealing with confirmed case/ cases and outbreak.	Case (possible vs confirmed case) Possible: anyone with either a high temperature, a new, continuous cough or a loss of, or change to, your sense of smell or taste (and awaiting a test) Confirmed: PCR or LFD test positive case of COVID-19 with or without symptoms.	
Close Contact requirements	Individuals identified as close contacts are not required to self-isolate if any of the following apply: • they are fully vaccinated (e.g. at least 2 weeks after second dose) • they are below the age of 18 years and 6 months • they have taken part in or are currently part of an approved COVID-19 vaccine trial • they are not able to get vaccinated for medical reasons Close contacts who are not required to isolate will be advised to:	

	 take a PCR test (do not need to isolate whilst awaiting result but will need to isolate as a case if positive) limit close contact with others outside their household wear a face covering in enclosed spaces limit contact with clinically extremely vulnerable participate in twice weekly LFD testing if eligible 	
Cases -staff	For all cases relating to staff, please also see the guidance for workplaces: _For cases in staff, settings should call the Self-Isolation Service Hub on 020 3743 6715 as soon as they are aware. Employers will need to provide the 8-digit NHS Test and Trace account ID of the person who tested positive, alongside the names of co-workers identified as close contacts to ensure they are registered with NHS Test and Trace and receive the necessary public health advice.	Currently all staff available – contingency plans if key staffing (1-1) unavailable
Cases- pupils	Children who are unwell should <u>not</u> attend the setting and should remain at home until their acute symptoms resolve (+24 hours for a fever). • IF these symptoms develop into cough, temperature, changes to taste and smell, should isolate and test. • IF test negative to COVID-19, still need to remain at home until at least 24 fever free and acute symptoms resolved. Parents and settings should not try and 'second guess' diagnosis – if have the key symptoms, isolate and test.	Parents sent links to what to do if my child is unwell. NHS signs and symptoms and links to new updated 'spotty book'
	 Examples of acute symptoms with which children should not attend school/nursery include fever, muscle aches, hacking cough. Follow public health advice on managing confirmed cases of COVID-19 see Schools COVID-19 operational guidance - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk) Ensure the case isolates for 10 days Household of the case isolates for 10 days (unless fully vaccinated or aged under 18 years and 6 months) If positive case came from an LFD test, case should take a confirmatory PCR test within 48hrs of the LFD Following a pupil PCR positive NHS Test and Trace will speak to the case (or parent/carer) to identify close contacts and advice on isolation as required and to get a PCR test Staff and pupils who do not need to isolate should continue to attend school as normal 	

	Case and any isolating contacts can return once isolation period is completed, as long as they are well Escalation criteria: If you have any infection control concerns or questions call the DfE Coronavirus helpline on 0800 046 8687 for advice. If your setting meets the following thresholds for extra action (outlined in the Contingency Framework), the DfE helpline will escalate to the SW PHE Health Protection Team when a risk assessment is required. DCC Public Health Team can also assist.	
Case Thresholds	 For most education and childcare settings: 5 children, pupils, students or staff, who are likely to have mixed closely, test positive for COVID-19 within a 10-day period. 10% of children, pupils, students or staff who are likely to have mixed closely test positive for COVID-19 within a 10-day period. There are any admissions to hospital for COVID-19. You are having problems implementing the control measures OR you have applied the control measures and are still seeing a significant rise in cases. For special schools, residential settings, and settings that operate with 20 or fewer children, pupils, students and staff at any one time: 2 children, pupils, students and staff, who are likely to have mixed closely, test positive for COVID-19 within a 10-day period. 	
Contingency framework and outbreak control measures	Schools are required to update their contingency plan (or outbreak management plan) and describe how they will respond if children, pupils, or staff test positive for COVID-19, how they will operate if they are advised to reintroduce any measures to help break chains of transmission. Such measures should be considered in addition to the day-to-day control measures being implemented by schools, PHE SW Health Protection Team have defined 4 levels: Baseline measures which settings should have in place at all times: Pupils in secondary schools and colleges should be tested twice on site at an Asymptomatic Testing Site upon their return in the Autumn Term (3-5 days apart). Following this, staff and students in secondary schools and colleges, and staff in primary schools should test themselves using LFDs twice a week using home test kits until the end of September when this is reviewed. Early years and wrap around childcare staff should continue to test twice weekly as they have done during the summer. Twice weekly testing for staff and students in HE settings will continue until the end of September	Isolation zone available in school with full PPE. 9 x CV19 tests still available on site for emergencies Pupil/ staff concerned to be moved to Isolation Zone in school and procedures followed. Ring DfE helpline on 08000468687 and select option 1.

	 Follow and promote public health guidance on testing, self-isolation and managing confirmed cases of COVID-19 Setting based contact tracing of staff cases and staff contacts to be reported to the Self-Isolation Hub (020 3743 6715) Continue good hygiene measures, maintain appropriate cleaning regimes, keep occupied spaces well ventilated Appropriate use of PPE Continue strong messaging about signs and symptoms of COVID-19, isolation advice and testing 	
	Encourage vaccination uptake for eligible staff and students	
	 Additional outbreak control measures – If the threshold for extra action (set out in the Contingency Framework) is met, additional outbreak measures may be considered that are appropriate and proportionate to your school. These can be implemented by the school without additional support/approval: Providing a 'warn and inform' letter to parents Strengthening communications to encourage testing (staff and secondary aged pupils only) Consider moving activities outside (including exercise, assemblies and classes) Further improvement of ventilation indoors, one-off enhanced cleaning (focus on touch points and shared equipment) 	
	 Reviewing and reinforcing hygiene measures Enhanced or Exceptional outbreak control measures - can be recommended following an Incident Management Team (IMT) or Outbreak Control Team meeting (OCT) and risk assessment undertaken with the Local Authority (or Health Protection Team (HPT)*. 	
	Note: additional measures may also be advised by a Director of Public Health across an entire area if an Enhanced Response Package (ERA) is in place (your LA will communicate this to you)	
	Contingency framework: education and childcare settings Actions for schools during the coronavirus outbreak	
Pupil /staff related issues		

Vulnerable groups who are clinically, extremely vulnerable.	All CEV children and young people should attend their education setting unless they are one of the very small number of children and young people under paediatric or other specialist care who have been advised by their GP or clinician not to attend. Further information is available in the guidance on supporting pupils at school with medical conditions. Whilst attendance is mandatory, we recommend that leaders in education work collaboratively with families to reassure them and to help their child return to their everyday activities. Discussions should have a collaborative approach, focusing on the welfare of the child or young person and responding to the concerns of the parent, carer or young person FAQ	
Assessment of all staff, including high risk staff with vulnerable / shielding family member, underlying health conditions or other risk factors Pregnant staff	A risk assessment should be undertaken with clinically extremely vulnerable and clinically vulnerable. A risk assessment should also be undertaken (or reviewed/updated if one was previously undertaken) with staff who may be anxious about returning to school and/or due to the increased numbers. The 'Risk assessment for all staff including vulnerable groups' can be used to aid and record this assessment - https://devoncc.sharepoint.com/:w:/s/PublicDocs/Education/ESoXeZkAQylLupPG5VVG6yQB2iEFDD4pakko5qBbtOSEkw?e=040Qiy Coronavirus (COVID-19): advice for pregnant employees - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk) - should have a risk assessment in place: Coronavirus (COVID-19) infection and pregnancy (rcog.org.uk) can support risk assessment a more precautionary approach advised for those >28 weeks pregnant or for individuals with underlying health conditions that place them at greater risk.	
Transport		
Travel and quarantine	Where pupils travel from abroad to attend a boarding school, you will need to explain the rules to pupils and their parents before they travel to the UK. All pupils travelling to England must adhere to travelling to England must adhere to travellegislation, details of which are set out in government travel advice. Additional guidance has been issued on the 	

	continue to wear face coverings when travelling on school transport until further notice. We recognise that some medical conditions or additional needs may make this not possible - exemption passes are available - please contact the school directly who will be able to issue these. We would also ask that: • Students should wash/clean their hands before boarding home to school transport, and when arriving at school or home. • Students should respect the driver's personal space and hold back from entering the vehicle until the driver has indicated it is safe to do so, they should then board one by one in an orderly manner. It is still recommended that face coverings are worn by all passengers, unless exempt (www.gov.uk/ guidance/coronavirus-covid-19-safer-travel-guidance-forpassengers#face-coverings)	
Curriculum considerations		
Educational visits	You should undertake full and thorough risk assessments in relation to all educational visits and ensure that any public health advice, such as hygiene and ventilation requirements, is included as part of that risk assessment. General quidance about educational visits is available and is supported by specialist advice from the Outdoor Education Advisory Panel (OEAP).	
Resources		
	DfE daily email- DfE - COVID daily email subscription service (office.com) Posters and promotional material - https://coronavirusresources.phe.gov.uk/back-to-school/resources/ NHS resources and videos Handwashing for teachers Handwashing for children Coronavirus factsheet for kids PPE Donning and Doffing advice	NHS booklets put on website for parents.
	Other resources and videos ① COVID-19: the facts Scouts ② eBug https://e-bug.eu/ ③ PHE webcast - Breaking the chain of infection	

Oversight of the governing body		
Lack of governor oversight during the COVID-19 crisis leads to the school failing to meet statutory requirements	The governing body continues to meet regularly via online platforms. The governing body agendas are structured to ensure all statutory requirements are discussed and school leaders are held to account for their implementation. The Headteacher's report to governors includes content and updates on how the school is continuing to meet its statutory obligations in addition to covering the school's response to COVID-19. Regular dialogue with the Chair of Governors and those governors with designated responsibilities is in place. Minutes of governing body meetings are reviewed to ensure that they accurately record governors' oversight and holding leaders to account for areas of statutory responsibility.	Meetings planned in for the academic year. First whole face to face meeting held 23.11.2021

Section	List Actions / Additional Control Measures	Date action to be carried out	Person Responsible
Ensure good hygiene for everyone	Visitors have to follow school protocol and fill in details on a track and trace information sheet before entering school building. Masks to be worn inside school building.	September 1 st – ongoing.	Office staff /Head
Pupil /staff related issues	Regular updates via email/text to inform parents/ carers of any changes and direction to school website and risk assessments. New guidance updated as received from NHS/PHE/ Gov/Dept of Ed	September 1 st – ongoing.	Headteacher
Pupil /staff related issues	Contractors on site during/ after school hours and weekends. All risks and arrangements shared with lead from Central Premises team.	September 1 st – ongoing.	Site Manager/ Central Lead
Pupil /staff related issues	Face coverings no longer required at drop-off/collection. Face coverings are required for use in the reception area and other communal areas for visitors, and if visiting school alongside other parents for an event or performance e.g. music performance.	As above	Headteacher/all staff

Dunil /ctaff	Contractors will require face coverings when working alongside others, or if working in communal areas. Where visitors are working with a smaller, consistent group of children or individuals (e.g. supply teachers, workshop providers and reading volunteers), face coverings will not be required but will be a personal choice. For staff, face coverings around school will be a personal choice, but are no longer required in communal areas. Staff should wear face coverings amongst large groups of visitors where distancing cannot be maintained.	As above	Headteacher
Pupil /staff related issues	A Safer Working Procedures Plan will be shared with all staff prior to the start of term and will be updated as changes occur.	A2 anove	пеацеаспег
Visits into school for events linked to Christmas	 The new covid-19 variant and the potential implications for schools will clearly be a major concern to all our stakeholders. We are still going to continue with our Christmas events. Actions: Restricted numbers for each performance and we do not cross over our key stage bubbles. Separate controlled entrances and exits Return to all adults on site wearing face covering when dropping off and collecting your child/ren. Restricting the number of adults dropping off and collecting the children from school. Ask you to leave the school site promptly and not gather in groups. Ask any adult visiting school to wear a mask when moving around the building. Re-emphasise the need for vigilance when it comes to Covid symptoms and regular testing where appropriate. 	November 30 th 2021- on going with PHE and Gov advice.	Headteacher/all staff

Signed: Headteacher: Maura Furber Date: 13.12.2021